

Unibody-Design Femtosecond Lasers for Industry and Science



CARBIDE-CB3

Tunable pulse duration,
190 fs – 20 ps

Maximum output of
120 W, 1 mJ or 80 W, 2 mJ

Single-shot – 10 MHz
repetition rate

NEW

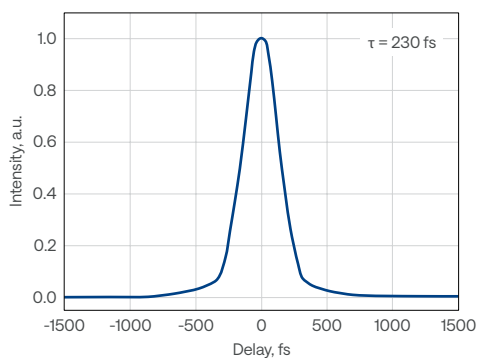
Pulse-on-demand and
BiBurst for pulse control

Up to 5th harmonic or
tunable extensions

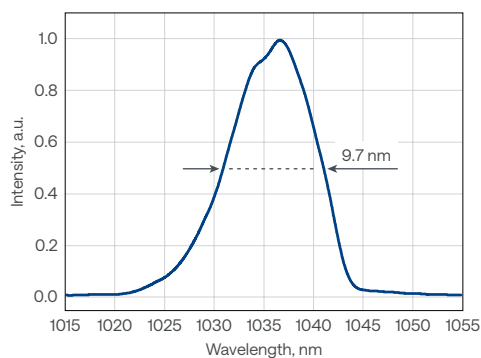
Air-cooled and
water-cooled models

Compact industrial-grade design

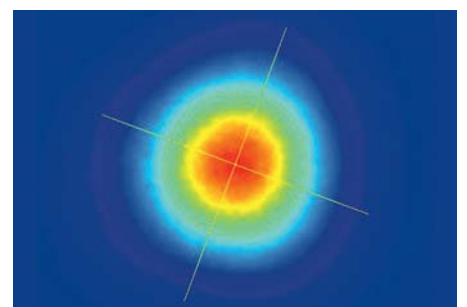
CARBIDE-CB3
Typical pulse duration



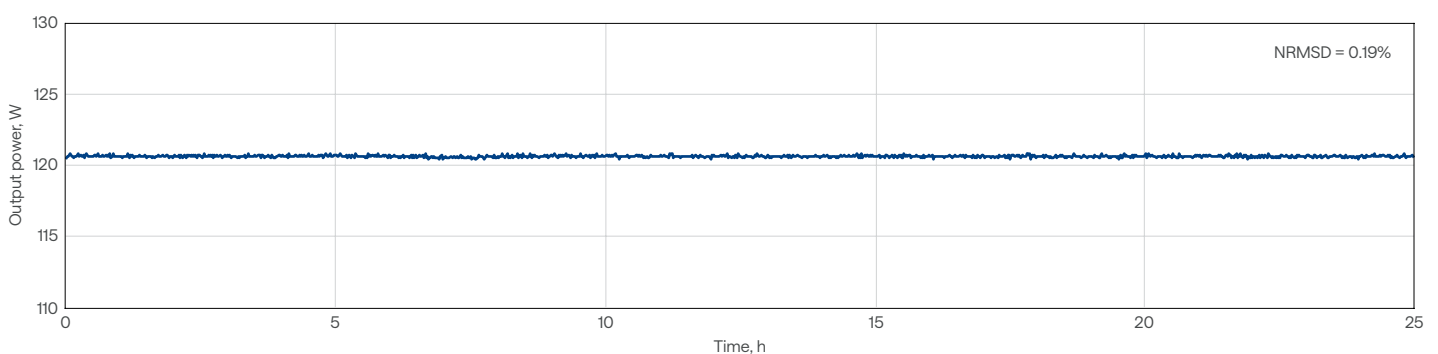
CARBIDE-CB3
Typical spectrum



CARBIDE-CB3
Typical beam profile



CARBIDE-CB3-120W
Long-term power stability



CARBIDE-CB3 specifications

NEW

Model	CB3-20W	CB3-40W	CB3-80W	CB3-120W
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OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Cooling method	Water-cooled			
Center wavelength	1030 ± 10 nm			
Maximum output power	20 W	40 W	80 W	120 W
Pulse duration ¹⁾	< 250 fs		< 350 fs ²⁾	< 250 fs
Pulse duration tuning range	250 fs – 10 ps		350 fs – 10 ps	250 fs – 10 ps
Maximum pulse energy	0.4 mJ	0.2 mJ	0.8 mJ	2 mJ
Repetition rate	Single-shot – 1 MHz	Single-shot-1 MHz (2 MHz on request)	Single-shot – 10 MHz	Single-shot – 2 MHz
Pulse selection	Single-shot, pulse-on-demand, any fundamental repetition rate division			
Polarization	Linear, vertical; 1:1000			
Beam quality, M ²	< 1.2			
Beam diameter ³⁾	3.9 ± 0.4 mm		4.2 ± 0.4 mm	5.1 ± 0.7 mm
Beam pointing stability	< 20 µrad/°C			
Pulse energy control	FEC ⁴⁾	Attenuator ⁵⁾	FEC ⁴⁾	
Pulse picker leakage	< 0.25%	< 0.5%	< 0.25%	
Pulse-to-pulse energy stability, 24 h ⁶⁾	< 0.5%			
Long-term power stability, 100 h ⁶⁾	< 0.5%			

MAIN OPTIONS

Oscillator output	< 0.5 W, 120 – 250 fs, 1030 ± 10 nm, ≈ 65 MHz ⁷⁾			
Harmonic generator ⁸⁾	515 nm, 343 nm, 257 nm, or 206 nm; see page 22			
Optical parametric amplifier ⁹⁾	320 – 10000 nm; see page 30			n/a
BiBurst option	Tunable GHz and MHz burst with burst-in-burst capability; see page 13			

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

Laser head (L × W × H)	633 × 350 × 174 mm			
Chiller (L × W × H)	585 × 484 × 221 mm		680 × 484 × 307 mm	
24 V DC power supply (L × W × H)	280 × 144 × 49 mm ¹⁰⁾		320 × 200 × 75 mm	376 × 449 × 88 mm

ENVIRONMENTAL AND UTILITY REQUIREMENTS

Operating temperature	15 – 30 °C			
Relative humidity	< 80% (non-condensing)			
Electrical requirements	Laser	100 V AC, 7 A – 240 V AC, 3A; 50 – 60 Hz	100 V AC, 12 A – 240 V AC, 5 A 50 – 60 Hz	100 V AC, 15 A – 240 V AC, 7 A 50 – 60 Hz
	Chiller	100 – 230 V AC; 50 – 60 Hz		200 – 230 V AC; 50 – 60 Hz
Rated power	Laser	600 W	1000 W	2000 W
	Chiller	1400 W	2000 W	
Power consumption	Laser	500 W	900 W	1500 W
	Chiller	1000 W	1300 W	1800 W

¹⁾ Assuming Gaussian pulse shape.

²⁾ Pulse duration can be reduced to < 250 fs if pulse peak intensity of > 50 GW/cm² is tolerated by the customer setup.

³⁾ FW 1/e², using maximum pulse energy.

⁴⁾ Fast energy control (FEC) provides fast, full-scale individual pulse energy control; an external analog control input is available.

⁵⁾ Waveplate-based variable optical attenuator (VOA); an external analog control input is available.

⁶⁾ Under stable environmental conditions. Expressed as normalized root mean squared deviation (NRMSD)

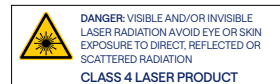
⁷⁾ Available simultaneously, requires a scientific interface.

Contact sales@lightcon.com for more details or customized solutions.

⁸⁾ Integrated. For external harmonic generator, refer to HIRO.

⁹⁾ Integrated. For more options and OPAs, refer to www.lightcon.com.

¹⁰⁾ Power supply can be different if optional 2 MHz version is selected.



CARBIDE-CB5 (air-cooled) specifications

Model	CB5	CB5-SP
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OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Cooling method	Air-cooled ¹⁾		
Center wavelength	1030 ± 10 nm		
Maximum output power	6 W	5 W	
Pulse duration ²⁾	< 290 fs		< 190 fs
Pulse duration tuning range	290 fs – 20 ps		190 fs – 20 ps
Maximum pulse energy	100 µJ	83 µJ	100 µJ
Repetition rate	Single-shot – 1 MHz		
Pulse selection	Single-shot, pulse-on-demand, any fundamental repetition rate division		
Polarization	Linear, vertical; 1: 1000		
Beam quality, M ²	< 1.2		
Beam diameter ³⁾	2.1 ± 0.4 mm		
Beam pointing stability	< 20 µrad/°C		
Pulse energy control	Attenuator ⁴⁾	AOM ⁵⁾	Attenuator ⁴⁾
Pulse picker leakage	< 2%	< 0.1%	< 2%
Pulse-to-pulse energy stability, 24 h ⁶⁾	< 0.5%		
Long-term power stability, 100 h ⁶⁾	< 0.5%		

MAIN OPTIONS

Oscillator output	n/a		
Harmonic generator ⁷⁾	515 nm, 343 nm, 257 nm, or 206 nm; see page 22		
Optical parametric amplifier ⁸⁾	320 – 10000 nm; see page 30		
BiBurst option	n/a		

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

Laser head (L × W × H)	633 × 324 × 162 mm		
Chiller	Not required		
24 V DC power supply (L × W × H)	220 × 95 × 46 mm		

ENVIRONMENTAL AND UTILITY REQUIREMENTS

Operating temperature	17 – 27 °C		
Relative humidity	< 80% (non-condensing)		
Electrical requirements	100 V AC, 3 A – 240 V AC, 1.3 A; 50 – 60 Hz		
Rated power	300 W		
Power consumption	150 W		

¹⁾ Water-cooled version available on request.

²⁾ Assuming Gaussian pulse shape.

³⁾ $FW\ 1/e^2$, using maximum pulse energy.

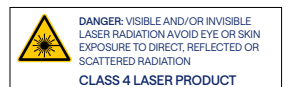
⁴⁾ Waveplate-based variable optical attenuator (VOA); an external analog control input is available.

⁵⁾ Enhanced contrast AOM. Provides fast amplitude control of output pulse train.

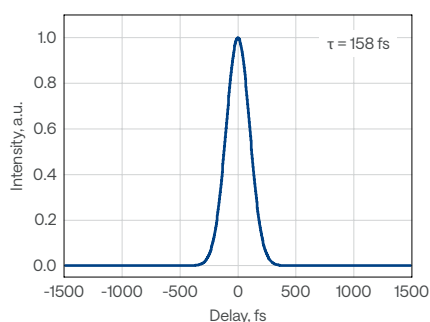
⁶⁾ Under stable environmental conditions. Expressed as normalized root mean squared deviation (NRMSD).

⁷⁾ Integrated. For external harmonic generator, refer to HIRO.

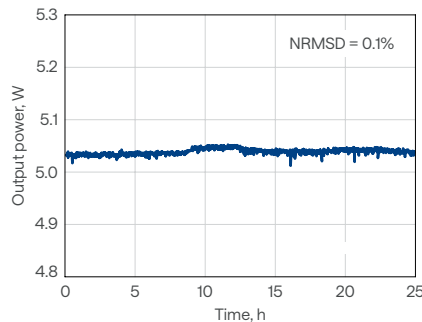
⁸⁾ Integrated. For stand-alone OPAs, refer to www.lightcon.com.



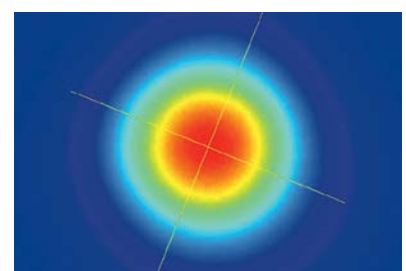
CARBIDE-CB5-SP
Typical pulse duration



CARBIDE-CB5
Long-term power stability

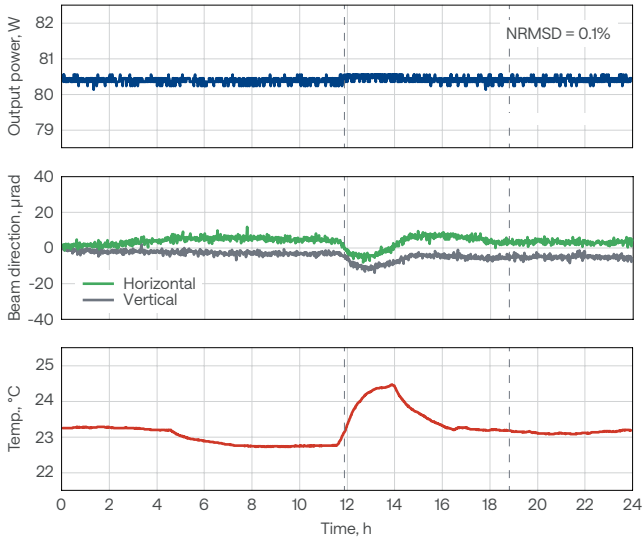


CARBIDE-CB5
Typical beam profile

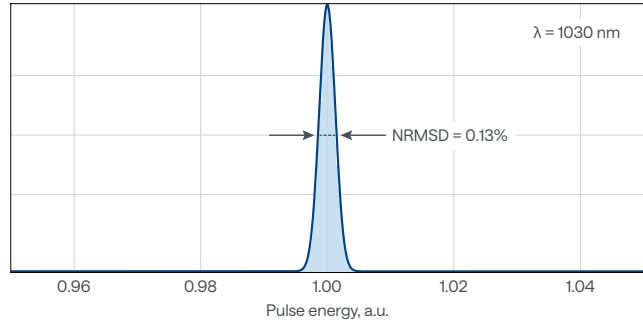


Stability measurements

CARBIDE-CB3 output power and beam direction stability with power lock enabled, across varying environmental conditions

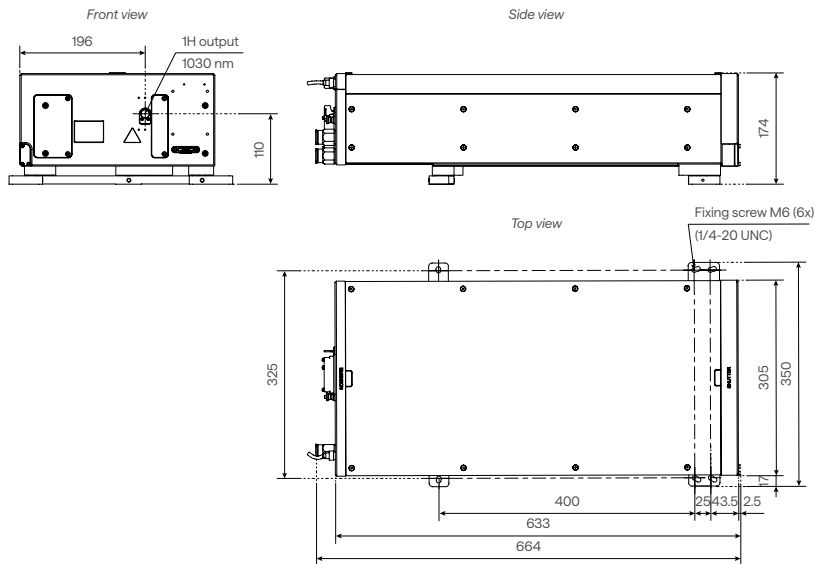


CARBIDE-CB3
Typical pulse-to-pulse energy stability

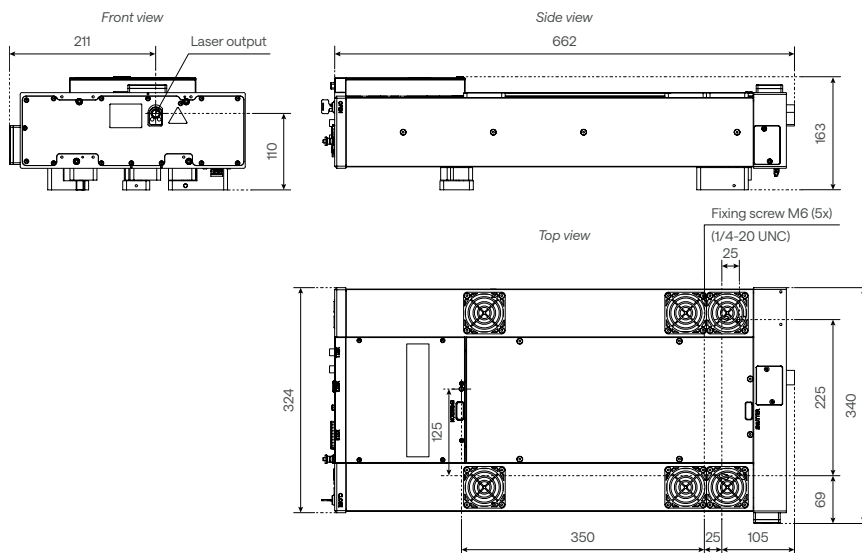


Drawings

CARBIDE-CB3 drawing



Air-cooled CARBIDE-CB5 with attenuator drawing



Automated Harmonic Generators



CARBIDE-CB3 with 2H-3H

- 515 nm, 343 nm, 257 nm, or 206 nm output
- Automated harmonic selection
- Mounted directly on the laser head
- Industrial-grade design
- 50 W UV model

Specifications

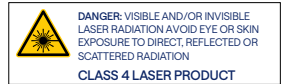
Model	2H	2H-3H	2H-4H	2H-5H	30W UV ¹⁾	50W UV ¹⁾
Output wavelength ²⁾ (automated selection)	1030 nm 515 nm	1030 nm 515 nm 343 nm	1030 nm 515 nm 257 nm	1030 nm 515 nm 206 nm	1030 nm 515 nm 343 nm	1030 nm 515 nm 343 nm
Pump pulse energy	20 – 2000 μ J	50 – 2000 μ J	20 – 2000 μ J	100 -1500 μ J	80 – 400 μ J	120 – 400 μ J
Pump pulse duration	< 300 fs				\approx 500 fs	
Conversion efficiency / Output power	> 50% (2H)	> 50% (2H) > 25% (3H)	> 50% (2H) > 10% (4H) ³⁾	> 50% (2H) > 5% (5H) ⁴⁾	30 W (3H)	50 W (3H)
Beam quality, M^2 , typical values	\leq 400 μ J pump	< 1.15 (2H) < 1.2 (3H)	< 1.15 (2H) n/a (4H)	n/a	< 1.3 (3H)	< 1.3 (3H)
	> 400 μ J pump	< 1.2 (2H) < 1.3 (3H)	< 1.2 (2H) n/a (4H)	n/a		

¹⁾ Refer to CARBIDE-CB3-UV for more details.

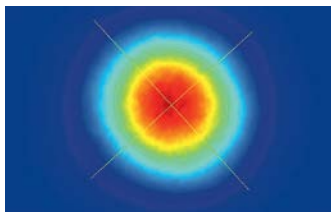
²⁾ Depends on pump laser model. Up to 5th harmonic available; contact sales@lightcon.com for more details.

³⁾ Maximum output power of 5 W. More than 4 W is available at 50 – 400 μ J pump energies and \approx 500 fs pump pulse duration.

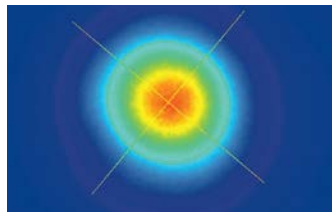
⁴⁾ Maximum output power of 0.2 W.



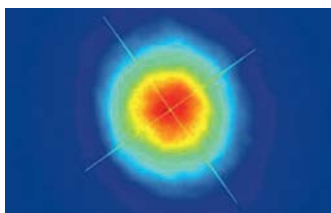
CARBIDE-CB5 (100 kHz, 6 W)
Typical 1H beam profile



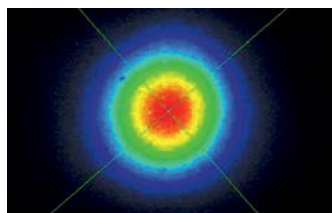
CARBIDE-CB5 (100 kHz, 3.4 W)
Typical 2H beam profile



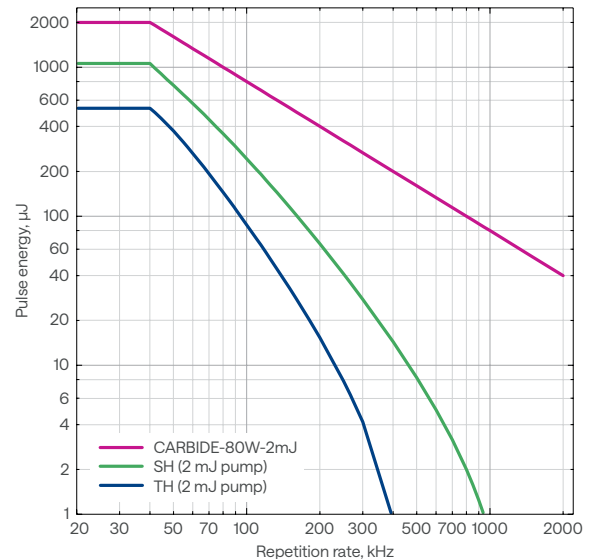
CARBIDE-CB5 (100 kHz, 2.2 W)
Typical 3H beam profile



CARBIDE-CB5 (100 kHz, 100 mW)
Typical 4H beam profile



CARBIDE-CB3-80W with HG
Pulse energy vs repetition rate



I-OPA

Industrial-Grade Optical Parametric Amplifier



I-OPA-TW on air-cooled CARBIDE-CB5

Wavelength tunability
in an industrial design

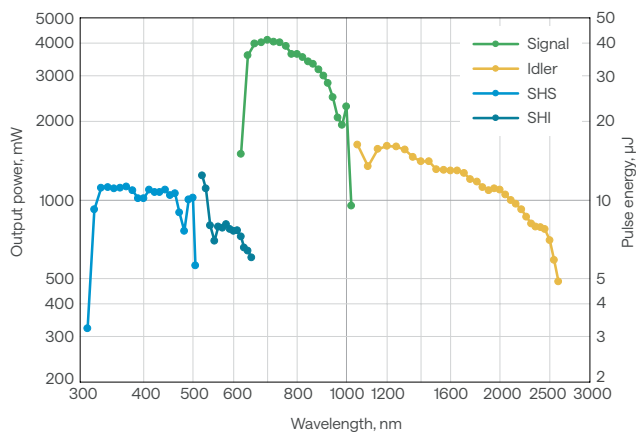
Single-box solution

Tunable or fixed-wavelength
models

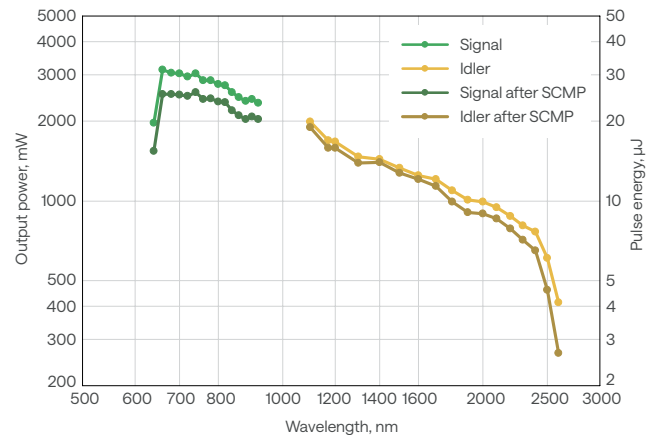
Plug-and-play installation and
robust performance

The most compact OPA
in the market

I-OPA-HP typical tuning curves
Pump: 40 W, 400 μ J, 100 kHz



I-OPA-F typical tuning curves
Pump: 40 W, 400 μ J, 100 kHz



Specifications

Model	I-OPA-HP	I-OPA-F	I-OPA-ONE
Configuration	ORPHEUS	ORPHEUS-F	ORPHEUS-ONE
Pump power	Up to 40 W		
Pump pulse energy	20 – 400 μ J		
Repetition rate	Up to 2 MHz		
Tuning range ¹⁾	640 – 1010 nm (signal) 1050 – 2600 nm (idler)	650 – 920 nm (signal) 1200 – 2500 nm (idler)	1350 – 2000 nm (signal) 2100 – 4500 nm (idler)
Conversion efficiency	> 7% @ 700 nm (40 – 400 μ J pump; up to 1 MHz)		> 9% @ 1550 nm (40 – 400 μ J pump; up to 1 MHz)
	> 3.5% @ 700 nm (20 – 40 μ J pump; up to 2 MHz)		> 6% @ 1550 nm (20 – 40 μ J pump; up to 2 MHz)
Spectral bandwidth ²⁾	80 – 220 cm^{-1} @ 700 – 960 nm	200 – 1000 cm^{-1} @ 650 – 920 nm 150 – 1000 cm^{-1} @ 1200 – 2000 nm	60 – 150 cm^{-1} @ 1450 – 2000 nm
Pulse duration ²⁾³⁾	120 – 250 fs	< 55 fs @ 800 – 920 nm < 70 fs @ 650 – 800 nm < 100 fs @ 1200 – 2000 nm	100 – 300 fs
Long-term power stability, 8 h ⁴⁾	< 1% @ 800 nm		< 1% @ 1550 nm
Pulse-to-pulse energy stability, 1 min ⁴⁾	< 1% @ 800 nm		< 1% @ 1550 nm
Wavelength extension options	320 – 505 nm (SHS) ⁵⁾ 525 – 640 nm (SHI) ⁵⁾	Contact sales@lightcon.com	4500 – 10000 nm (DFG)
Pulse compression options ²⁾	n/a	SCMP (signal pulse compressor) ICMP (idler pulse compressor) GDD-CMP (compressor with GDD control)	n/a

PUMP LASER REQUIREMENTS

Pump laser	PHAROS or CARBIDE
Center wavelength	1030 \pm 10 nm
Maximum pump power	40 W
Maximum repetition rate	Up to 2 MHz
Pump pulse energy	20 – 400 μ J
Pulse duration	180 – 300 fs

ENVIRONMENTAL & UTILITY REQUIREMENTS

Operating temperature ⁶⁾	19 – 25 $^{\circ}$ C (air conditioning recommended)
Relative humidity ⁶⁾	20 – 70% (non-condensing)
Electrical requirements	n/a ⁷⁾

¹⁾ In case of fixed wavelength (FW), a single wavelength can be selected from the signal or idler range. The signal may have an accessible idler pair, and vice versa.

²⁾ I-OPA-F broad-bandwidth pulses are compressed externally. Typical pulse duration before compression: 120 – 250 fs, after compression: 25 – 70 fs @ 650 – 900 nm, 40 – 100 fs @ 1200 – 2000 nm.

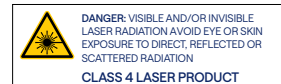
³⁾ Output pulse duration depends on selected wavelength and pump laser pulse duration.

⁴⁾ Expressed as normalized root mean squared deviation (NRMSD).

⁵⁾ Conversion efficiency is 1.2% at peak; specified as a percentage of pump power.

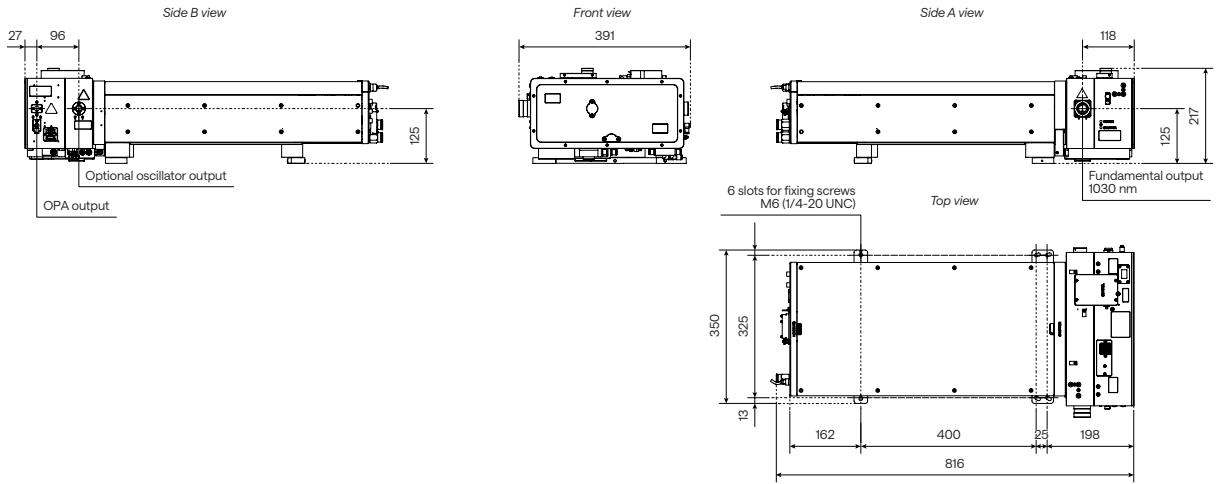
⁶⁾ Specifications are guaranteed for a maximum temperature variation of \pm 1 $^{\circ}$ C and humidity variation of \pm 10%.

⁷⁾ I-OPA is powered by the same electrical source as the pump laser. Thus, refer to the pump laser electrical requirements.

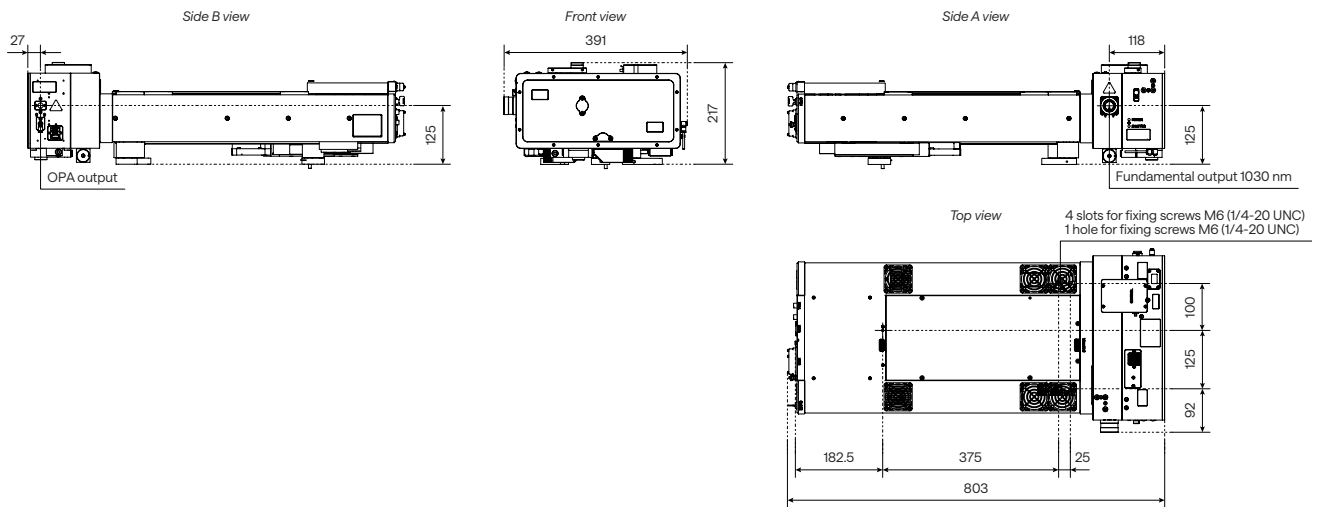


Drawings

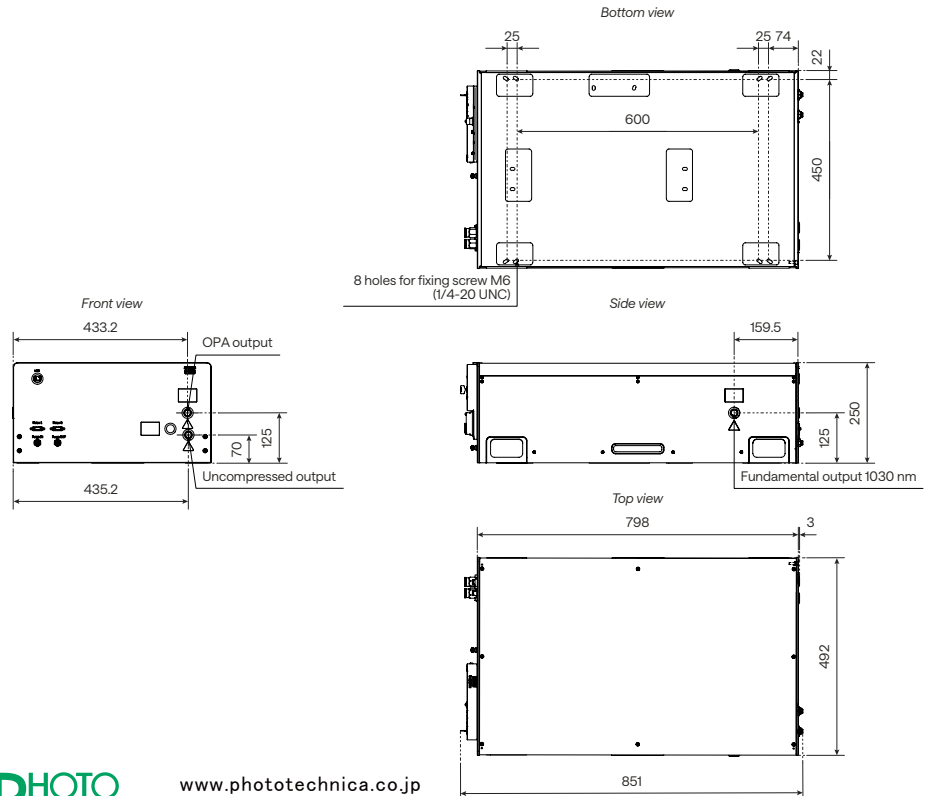
CARBIDE-CB3 with I-OPA-HP drawing and output ports



CARBIDE-CB5 with I-OPA-HP drawing and output ports



PHAROS-PH2 with I-OPA-HP drawing and output ports



BiBurst | OPTION

Tunable GHz and MHz Burst with Burst-in-Burst Capability

PHAROS and CARBIDE-CB3 lasers offer an option for tunable GHz and MHz burst with burst-in-burst capability, known as BiBurst.

In standard mode, a single pulse is emitted at a fixed frequency. In burst mode, the output consists of pulse packets rather than single pulses. Each packet comprises a certain number of equally spaced pulses. MHz-Burst contains N pulses with a nanosecond period, while GHz-Burst contains P pulses with a picosecond period. When both GHz and MHz burst modes are used simultaneously, the equally spaced pulse packets contain sub-packets of pulses, known as burst-in-burst or BiBurst.

PHAROS and CARBIDE lasers with the BiBurst option bring new capabilities to high-tech manufacturing industries such as consumer electronics, integrated photonic chip manufacturing, future display manufacturing, and quantum technologies. The applications include:

- brittle material drilling and cutting
- deep engraving
- selective ablation
- volume modification of transparent materials
- hidden marking
- surface polishing
- functional surface structuring

Specifications

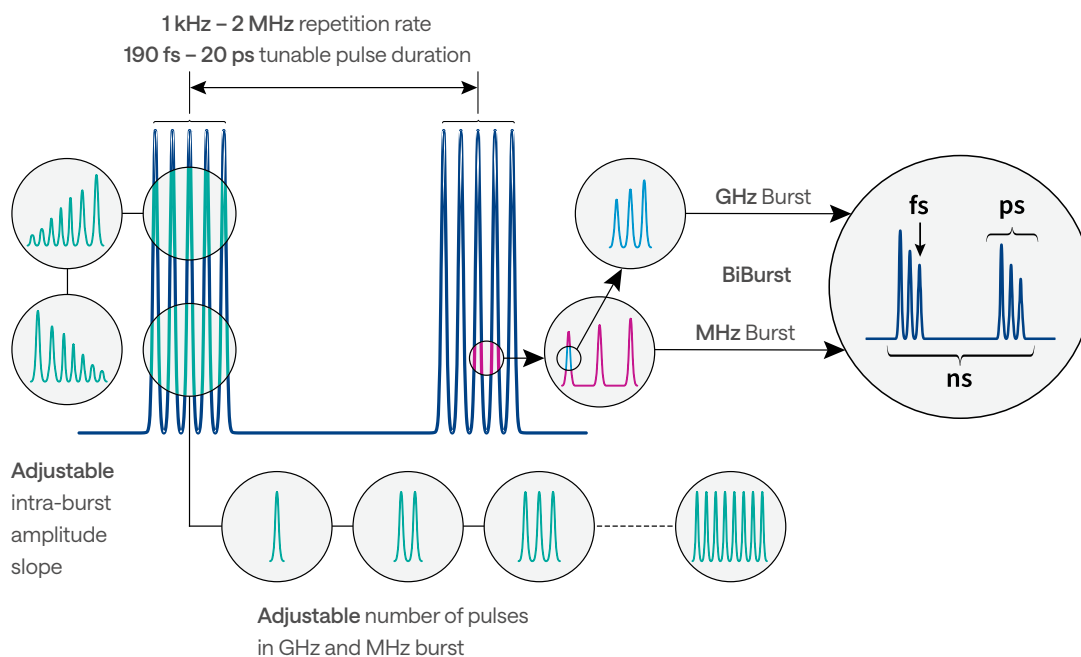
Model		CARBIDE-CB3	PHAROS
GHz Burst	Intra burst pulse period ¹⁾	440 ± 40 ps	200 ± 40 ps
	Number of pulses, P ²⁾	1 – 10 ³⁾	1 – 25
MHz Burst	Intra burst pulse period	≈ 15 ns	
	Number of pulses, N	1 – 10	1 – 9 (7 with FEC ⁴⁾)

¹⁾ Custom spacing is available upon request.

²⁾ The maximum number of pulses in a burst depends on the laser repetition rate and energy.

³⁾ A custom number of pulses (up to 400) is available upon request.

⁴⁾ Fast energy control option. Enables the formation of any pulse envelope at the laser pulse repetition rate.



SCI-M | CARBIDE

Scientific Interface Module for CARBIDE



Simultaneous or separate oscillator output

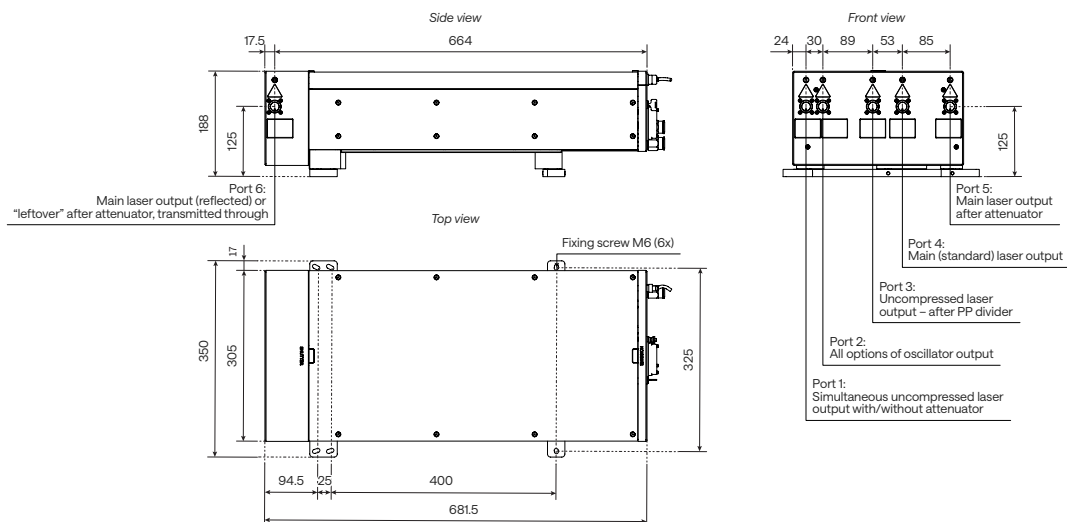
Uncompressed laser output

Seeding by an external oscillator

Beam-splitting options

Drawings

CARBIDE-CB3-40W with a scientific interface module drawing



**PHOTO
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